

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) An anti-arrhythmia system, comprising:
a detection circuitry for sensing atrial fibrillation in a heart;
~~at least two electrodes a stimulus generator for delivering, in response to sensed atrial fibrillation, independently controlled stimulus through each electrode, each of the at least two electrodes for attaching to a target atrium; and~~
~~electronic circuitry for deactivating delivery of stimulus through all of the electrodes in response to the detection circuitry detecting the termination of atrial fibrillation and then placing the anti-arrhythmia system in an atrial fibrillation suppression mode that then delivers multiple pulses to the target atrium during the same atrial contraction.~~
~~a stimulus generator that can deliver independently controlled stimulus through each of the at least two electrodes in response to sensed atrial fibrillation.~~
2. (Currently Amended) The anti-arrhythmia system of claim 1, wherein the suppression mode delivers the multiple pulses concurrently to the target atrium during the same atrial contraction detection circuitry can also detect the termination of atrial fibrillation.
3. (Currently Amended) The anti-arrhythmia system of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the suppression mode delivers the multiple pulses sequentially to the target atrium during the same atrial contraction. further comprising:
~~electronic circuitry for deactivating delivery of stimulus through all of the electrodes when the detection circuitry detects the termination of atrial fibrillation and placing the anti-arrhythmia system [[is]] in a cardiac pace and suppression mode (Mode III).~~

4. (Currently Amended) The anti-arrhythmia system of claim 1, wherein the suppression mode delivers the multiple pulses timed to induce a faster-than-native atrial contraction to prevent onset of atrial fibrillation. ~~stimulus generator is configured to permit stimulation to the at least two electrodes concurrently.~~

5. (Currently Amended) The anti-arrhythmia system of claim 1, wherein the suppression mode delivers the multiple pulses timed to suppress circus conduction in the target atrium to prevent onset of atrial fibrillation without causing contraction of the target atrium one of the at least two electrodes is both a stimulating electrode and a sensing electrode.

6. (Currently Amended) The anti-arrhythmia system of claim 1, wherein the stimulus generator can deliver a stimulus that is a train of pulses through at least one electrode, the train of pulses configured to suppress onset of atrial fibrillation.

7. (Currently Amended) The anti-arrhythmia system of claim 6 [[1]], wherein each stimulus in the train of pulses is biphasic.

8. (Currently Amended) An anti-arrhythmia system for suppressing the onset of atrial fibrillation, comprising:

electronic circuitry for detecting the cardiac cycle of a target atrium; and
~~at least two electrodes, which electrodes are attached to the target atrium; and~~
a stimulus generator having at least two independently controllable stimulation channel outputs adapted to be coupled to at least two electrodes attached to the target atrium,

wherein the electronic circuitry for detecting the cardiac cycle is responsive to atrial contraction and is in communication with the stimulus generator that can deliver timed stimulation through each of the at least two electrodes to suppress the onset of atrial fibrillation.

9. (Currently Amended) The anti-arrhythmia system of claim 8, wherein the stimulus generator is configured to deliver, in an atrial fibrillation suppression mode, stimuli, S₁, S₂ ... S_N, concurrently to N number of electrodes, where N is 2 or greater, such that occurrence of S₁ and S₂ either completely or partially overlap in a time duration, S₂ and S₃ either completely or partially overlap in a time duration, and so on, such that S_{N-1}, and S_N either completely or partially overlap in a time duration.

10. (Original) The anti-arrhythmia system of claim 9, wherein at least one of the stimulus delivered at one electrode is a train of pulses.

11. (Currently Amended) A method for ~~detecting the onset of atrial fibrillation and stopping atrial fibrillation~~ comprising:

attaching at least two electrodes on one atrium;

detecting atrial fibrillation;

delivering ~~a constant current, but an~~ independently settable stimulus through each of the at least two electrodes to stop the atrial fibrillation;

detecting the cessation of atrial fibrillation; ~~and~~

deactivating the delivery of stimulus to each of the at least two electrode, in response to the cessation of atrial fibrillation[[.]]; ~~and~~

delivering, in response to the cessation of atrial fibrillation, stimulation through each of the at least two electrodes, the stimulation timed to suppress the onset of atrial fibrillation.

12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the ~~step of delivering, in response to the cessation of atrial fibrillation, comprises delivering multiple pulses concurrently to the target atrium during the same atrial contraction. a constant current, but independently settable stimulus through each of the at least two electrodes is accomplished through sequential delivery of stimulus through each of the at least two electrodes.~~

13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[12]] 11, wherein the delivering, in response to the cessation of atrial fibrillation, comprises delivering multiple pulses sequentially to the target atrium during the same atrial contraction. at least one stimulus is a train of pulses.

14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the step of delivering, in response to the cessation of atrial fibrillation, comprises delivering multiple pulses timed to induce a faster-than-native atrial contraction to prevent onset of atrial fibrillation. a constant current, but independently settable stimulus for the at least two electrodes is performed by delivering stimulus through the at least two electrodes in a timed sequence.

15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the delivering, in response to the cessation of atrial fibrillation, comprises delivering multiple pulses timed to suppress circus conduction in the target atrium to prevent onset of atrial fibrillation without causing contraction of the target atrium. detecting atrial fibrillation is performed by using one of the at least two electrodes as a sense electrode.

16. (Currently Amended) A method of suppressing the initiation of atrial fibrillation, the method comprising:

attaching at least two electrodes on a target atrium;

detecting the onset of an atrial contraction at the target atrium using a sense electrode;

and

delivering, constant current, in response to the detecting the onset of the atrial contraction, but independently settable stimulus through each of the at least two electrodes attached to the target atrium to suppress the initiation of atrial fibrillation in the target atrium.

17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16, wherein the delivering, in response to the detecting the onset of the atrial contraction, comprises delivering multiple pulses concurrently to the target atrium during the same atrial contraction. delivery of stimulus through the at least two electrodes is in a timed sequence.

18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16, wherein the delivering, in response to the detecting the onset of the atrial contraction, comprises delivering multiple pulses sequentially to the target atrium during the same atrial contraction. ~~stimulus generator can provide a stimulus at each channel that is a train of pulses.~~

19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16, wherein the delivering, in response to the detecting the onset of the atrial contraction, comprises delivering multiple pulses timed to induce a faster-than-native atrial contraction to prevent onset of atrial fibrillation. ~~step of detecting the onset of atrial contraction is performed by using one of the at least two electrodes as a sense electrode.~~

20. (Currently Amended) A method for both pacing the atrium and suppressing the initiation of atrial fibrillation, the method comprising;

providing at least two electrodes attached to a target atrium for independently delivering stimulus through the at least two electrodes

sensing cardiac activity using a sense electrode to determine when the atrium should be paced; and

delivering a timed sequence of stimulus pulses through each of the at least two electrodes to contract the atrium, wherein such that the resulting atrial contraction is completed faster than the atrium's native contraction, thereby forestalling initiation of conduction circus motions.

21. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 20, wherein the delivering the timed sequence comprises delivering multiple pulses concurrently to the target atrium during the same atrial contraction. ~~stimulus provided at each electrode is at least one current controlled pulse.~~

22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21, wherein the delivering the timed sequence comprises delivering multiple pulses sequentially to the target atrium during the same atrial contraction. ~~stimulus provided at one electrode is a train of pulses.~~